WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1		1.	A programmable logic integrated circuit comprising:
2		a progr	rammable logic portion; and
3		an emb	pedded processor portion coupled to the programmable logic portion and
4	comprising:		
5			a processor; and
6			a memory block coupled to the processor and comprising:
7			a memory having a first port and a second port; and
8			an arbiter coupled to the first port and the second port, wherein the
9	arbiter arbitrat	tes acce	ess to the memory by the first port and the second port.
	SRAM.	2.	The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the memory is a dual-port
1 2 3		3. lurality	The integrated circuit of claim 2 wherein the programmable logic portion of logic elements, programmably configurable to implement user-defined
3	combinatorial	or regi	stered logic functions.
	further compr	4.	The integrated circuit of claim 3 wherein the programmable logic portion lurality of horizontal and vertical interconnect lines, programmably coupled
3	to the plurality		
1 2	width and dep	5. oth.	The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the second port is configurable in
1		6.	The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the first port and the second port
2	are both confi	igurable	e in width and depth.
1		7.	A programmable logic integrated circuit comprising:
2		a prog	grammable logic portion comprising a plurality of logic elements,
3	programmabl	y config	gurable to implement user-defined combinatorial or registered logic
4	functions; and	1	

5	an embedded processor portion coupled to the programmable logic portion and
6	comprising:
7	a processor; and
8	a memory block coupled to the processor and comprising:
9	a first plurality of memory cells for storing data;
10	a second plurality of memory cells for storing data;
11	a first port coupled to the first and second pluralities of memory
12	cells;
13	a second port coupled to the first and second pluralities of memory
14	cells; and
15	an arbiter coupled to the first port and the second port,
16	wherein when the second port is accessing the first plurality of memory cells, the
	arbiter prevents the first port from accessing the first plurality of memory cells, and when the
18	second port is accessing the first plurality of memory cells, the arbiter allows the first port to
	access the second plurality of memory cells.
	8. The integrated circuit of claim 7 wherein the first plurality of memory
2	cells and the second plurality of memory cells are defined by a user-programmable lock register.
	9. The integrated circuit of claim 8 wherein the first and second pluralities of
L¹ Ba	
	memory cells comprise a portion of a dual-port SRAM.
1	10. The integrated circuit of claim 9 wherein the programmable logic portion
2	further comprises a plurality of horizontal and vertical interconnect lines, programmably coupled
3	to the plurality of logic elements.
1	11. The integrated circuit of claim 10 wherein the second port is configurable
2	in width and depth.
1	12. The integrated circuit of claim 10 wherein the first port and the second
2	port are both configurable in width and depth.
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1	13. A method of arbitration in a programmable logic integrated circuit

comprising a programmable logic portion coupled to an embedded processor portion, the

3	embedded processor portion comprising a memory having a first port and a second port, the first
4	port and the second port coupled to an arbiter, the method comprising:
5	sending a lock request from the second port to the arbiter when the second port
6	requires access to the memory;
7	sending a lock grant from the arbiter to the second port if the first port is not
8	accessing the memory; and
9	not sending a lock grant from the arbiter to the second port if the first port is
10	accessing the memory.
1	14. The method of claim 13 further comprising:
2	when sending a lock grant from the arbiter to the second port, sending a wait state
3	from the arbiter to the first port.
ā	15. The method of claim 13 further comprising:
12	when sending a lock grant from the arbiter to the second port, writing data from
<u>1.3</u>	the second port to the memory;
14	de-asserting the lock request from the second port to the arbiter; and
1 5	de-asserting the lock grant from the arbiter to the second port.
	16. The method of claim 13 further comprising:
12	when sending a lock grant from the arbiter to the second port, reading data from
T B	the memory to the second port;
4	de-asserting the lock request from the second port to the arbiter; and
5	de-asserting the lock grant from the arbiter to the second port.
1	17. A method of arbitration in a programmable logic integrated circuit
2	comprising a programmable logic portion coupled to an embedded processor portion, the
3	embedded processor portion comprising a memory coupled to an arbiter, wherein the memory
4	comprises a plurality of memory cells, a first port coupled to the plurality of memory cells, and a
5	second port coupled to the plurality of memory cells, the method comprising:
6	storing a value in a lock register, wherein the value defines a first portion of
7	memory cells and a second portion of memory cells within the plurality of memory cells,

8		wherein the arbiter arbitrates access to the first portion of memory cells by the		
9	second port, a	ond port, and does not arbitrate access to the second portion of memory cells by the second		
10	port.			
1		18. The method of claim 17 further comprising:		
		providing an address of a memory location at the first port;		
2		determining if the memory location is in the second portion of memory cells, and		
3		determining if the memory location is in the second portion of memory cens, and		
4	if it is; then			
5		allowing access of the memory by the first port.		
1		19. The method of claim 17 further comprising:		
2		determining whether a transfer at the second port is to the first portion of memory		
3	cells, and if it is; then			
		sending a lock request from the second port to the arbiter.		
Ü		20. The method of claim 17 further comprising:		
F2		providing an address of a memory location at the first port;		
B		determining if the memory location is in the first portion of memory cells; and if		
	it is, then			
4 5 6 7 8		determining whether the second port has been granted a lock to the first portion of		
6	memory cells; and if it has, then			
	·	waiting until the second port is not granted a lock to the first plurality of memory		
8	cells; else			
9		transferring data at the first port.		
1		21. The method of claim 17 further comprising:		
2		determining whether a transfer at the second port is to the first portion of memory		
3	cells, and if it	is; then		
4		determining whether the first port is accessing the first portion of memory cells;		
5	and if it is, then waiting until the first port is not accessing the first portion of memory cells; else			
6		transferring data at the second port.		

1	22. A method of laying out a programmable logic device having an embedded
2	processor comprising:
3	providing a layout of a programmable logic device, the programmable logic
4	device having four sides;
5	stretching one side of the programmable logic device, such that an open space is
6	created; and
7	placing the layout of an embedded processor in the open space,
8	wherein the embedded processor comprises a memory having a first port and a
9	second port, and an arbiter coupled to the first port and the second port.
1	23. The method of claim 22 wherein the embedded processor further
	comprises a first bus coupled to the processor and the first port, and a second bus coupled to the
3	first port.
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1	24. The method of claim 23 further comprising coupling signal lines between
2	the layout of the programmable logic device and the layout of the embedded processor.
2 3 1 1 2 1	25. A method of laying out a programmable logic device having an embedded
2	processor comprising:
3	providing a layout of a programmable logic device, the programmable logic
3 45	device having four sides;
-5 -5	stretching one side of the programmable logic device, such that an open portion of
6	the layout is created; and
7	laying out an embedded processor in the open portion of the layout,
8	wherein the embedded processor comprises a dual port memory and an arbiter,
9	wherein the arbiter arbitrates access to the dual port memory.
1	26. The method of claim 25 wherein the embedded processor comprises a
2	dual-port SRAM.
1	27. The method of claim 26 further comprising coupling signal lines between
2	the layout of the programmable logic device and the layout of the embedded processor.

1		28.	A programmable logic integrated circuit comprising:
2		a prog	grammable logic portion comprising a plurality of logic elements,
3	programmably configurable to implement user-defined combinatorial or registered logic		
4	functions; and	i	
5		an em	abedded processor portion coupled to the programmable logic portion and
6	comprising:		
7			a processor;
8			a first bus coupled to the processor;
9			a memory coupled to the first bus and the programmable logic portion;
10	and		
11			a second bus coupled to the memory.
		29.	The integrated circuit of claim 28 wherein the memory is a dual-port
	SRAM.		
T.1		30.	The integrated circuit of claim 28 wherein the memory further comprises a
1 2	first port and	a secon	nd port, and the embedded processor further comprises:
13		a mu	ltiplexer having a first input coupled to the first bus, a second input coupled
4	to the second	bus, aı	nd an output coupled to the first port.
TOTAL STATE OF THE		31.	The integrated circuit of claim 30 wherein the embedded processor further
2	comprises an	arbiter	coupled to the multiplexer and the second port,
3	•		ein the arbiter arbitrates access to the memory by the first bus, the second
4	bus, and the	second	port.
		22	1.1. 1. via integrated circuit comprising:
1		32.	A programmable logic integrated circuit comprising:
2	1 :	-	grammable logic portion comprising a plurality of logic elements,
3	-		igurable to implement user-defined combinatorial or registered logic
4	functions; an		mbedded processor portion coupled to the programmable logic portion and
5	comprising	ali el	mocdaed processor portion coupled to the programmatic regio portion and
6 7	comprising:		a plurality of memory cells:

a first port coupled to the plurality of memory cells;
a second port coupled to the plurality of memory cells;
a multiplexer coupled to the first port;
an arbiter coupled to the first port, the second port, and the multiplexer;
and
a lock register to store a user-defined variable lock size and coupled to the
arbiter,
wherein the user-defined variable lock size defines a lockable portion of the
plurality of memory cells and a non-lockable portion of the plurality of memory cells, and
wherein the arbiter arbitrates access by the second port to the lockable portion of the plurality of
memory cells, and does not arbitrate access by the second port to the non-lockable portion of the
plurality of memory cells.
33. The integrated circuit of claim 32 the embedded processor portion further comprises:
a first bus coupled to the multiplexer;
a second bus coupled to the multiplexer; and
a processor coupled to the first bus.
34. The integrated circuit of claim 32 wherein when the second port requires
access to the lockable portion of the memory, the second port sends a lock request to the arbiter,
the arbiter determines whether the first port is accessing the lockable portion of the memory, the
arbiter sends a lock grant signal to the second port if the first port is not accessing the lockable
portion of the memory, and the arbiter does not send the lock grant signal if the first port is
accessing the lockable portion of the memory, and wherein when the second port requires access
to the non-lockable portion of the memory, it accesses the non-lockable portion of the memory
without sending the lock request to the arbiter.
35. The integrated circuit of claim 32 wherein when the first bus requires
access to the memory, the first bus sends a request to the arbiter, the arbiter determines whether

the second bus has access to the memory, the arbiter determines whether the first bus requires

access to the lockable portion of the memory if the second bus does not have access to the

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5	memory, and the arbiter determines if the second port has been granted a lock to the lockable		
6	portion of the memory if the first bus requires access to the lockable portion of the memory.		
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1	36. An embedded processor comprising:		
2	a plurality of memory cells;		
3	a first port coupled to the plurality of memory cells;		
4	a second port coupled to the plurality of memory cells;		
5	a multiplexer coupled to the first port;		
6	a first bus coupled to the multiplexer;		
7	a second bus coupled to the multiplexer; and		
8	a processor coupled to the first bus.		
1	37. The embedded processor of claim 36 wherein the embedded processor is		
1			
2	integrated in a programmable logic integrated circuit.		
	38. A programmable logic integrated circuit comprising:		
 2	a programmable logic portion; and		
3	an embedded processor portion coupled to the programmable logic portion and		
⊌: •4	comprising:		
<u></u>	a processor; and		
6	a memory coupled to the processor and comprising:		
7	a plurality of memory cells;		
8	a first port coupled to the plurality of memory cells; and		
9	a second port coupled to the plurality of memory cells and the		
10	programmable logic portion,		
11	wherein the second port has a configurable width and a configurable depth, and		
12	wherein when the width of the second port is decreased, a depth of a memory map is increased		
	and a width of the memory map is not changed, and when the width of the second port is		
13			
14	increased, the depth of the memory map is decreased and the width of the memory map is not		

changed.

1	39. T	he integrated circuit of claim 38 wherein when the width of the second	
2	port is increased, the dep	oth is decreased, and when the width of the second port is decreased, the	
3	depth is increased.		
	•		
1		he integrated circuit of claim 39 wherein the first port has a configurable	
2		e depth, and when the width of the first port is increased, the depth is	
3	decreased, and when the	width of the first port is decreased, the depth is increased.	
1	41 T	he integrated circuit of claim 40 further comprising an arbiter, wherein	
1			
2	the arbiter arbitrates acc	less to the memory cells by the first port and the second port.	
1	42. A	programmable logic integrated circuit comprising:	
2	a progran	nmable logic portion; and	
3	an embed	dded processor portion coupled to the programmable logic portion and	
2 3 3 5 7	comprising:		
5	a	first number of lockable memory cells;	
6	a	second number of non-lockable memory cells;	
7	a	first port coupled to the lockable and non-lockable memory cells;	
8	a	second port coupled to the lockable and non-lockable memory cells and	
9	the programmable logic	portion;	
	a	n arbiter coupled to the first port and the second port; and	
1	a	variable lock size register coupled to the arbiter, wherein the register	
2	stores a user-programm	able lock size value,	
3		the first number and the second number equal a third number, and the	
4	first number and second	I number are variable and determined by the user-programmable lock size	
15		is not variable, and wherein the arbiter arbitrates access to the lockable	
16	memory cells by the second port, and does not arbitrate access to the non-lockable memory cells		
17	by the second port.		
1		The integrated circuit of claim 42 wherein the embedded processor portion	
2	further comprises:		
3	a multin	lexer coupled to the arbiter and the first port;	

4	a first bus coupled to the multiplexer;
5	a second bus coupled to the multiplexer; and
6	a processor coupled to the first bus.
1	44. A programmable logic integrated circuit comprising:
2	a programmable logic portion; and
3	an embedded processor portion coupled to the programmable logic portion and
4	comprising:
5	a first memory having a first and second port, the second port configured to have
6	a first width and a first depth;
7	a second memory having a third and fourth port, the fourth port configured to
8	have the first width and the first depth; and
9	a deep/wide multiplexing circuit coupled to the second port, the fourth port, and
0	the programmable logic portion,
4	wherein the deep/wide multiplexing circuit multiplexes signals to and from the
2	programmable logic portion such that the second and fourth ports appear to the programmable
13	logic portion as one port with either a second width twice the first width, or a second depth twice
<u>+</u> 4	the first depth.
8 "9" 6	45. The integrated circuit of claim 44 wherein when the second and fourth ports appear to the programmable logic portion as one port with a width twice the first width, the depth is the first depth, and when the second and fourth ports appear to the programmable logic portion as one port with a depth twice the first depth, the width is the first width.
7	portion as one port with a depart times are most depart, and make it and make the